Alcoholic beverages and soft drinks business

Reference: "Practical guide for Scenario Analysis in line with the TCFD recommendations 3rd edition," Ministry of the Environment (March 2021)

Target scope: Worldwide, all businesses, the entire Group, the entire supply chain

Time horizon: Short term (current-2025), medium term (around 2030), long term (around 2050)

	(1) Assess materiality of climate-related risks									
	Risk/opportunity categories		Major aspects and policy actions	Risk/opportunity factors	Business impact	Business impact metrics (Impact in terms of the Company's business accounting)	Time horizon	Probability	Degree of impact	Overall assessment
Risks	Transition risks	Policy and legal	Enhancing regulations on GHG emissions, imposing greater obligations on information disclosure	Strengthening responses to various new regulations	Increase in response costs (such as labor costs) as new regulations are enforced and environmental measures are strengthened	Increases in fixed manufacturing costs, fixed selling costs, selling overhead costs, and fixed administrative costs	Short term	High	Small	Small
				Introduction of carbon taxes (or similar taxes)	 Pressure on operating income from taxation based on own emissions Increase in procurement costs for existing energy Increase in procurement costs for existing materials (e.g. plastics) such as petroleum fuel materials 	Increase in variable manufacturing costs / Decrease in operating income	Short to medium term	High	Large	Large
				The Act on the Rational Use of Energy becomes stricter	Increase in capital costs for transition to energy- saving equipment, increase in energy costs for the purchase of clean energy, etc.	Increases in variable manufacturing costs (water and utility costs) and fixed manufacturing costs (equipment costs)	Medium to long term	Medium	Large	Large
				Introduction and strengthening of laws and regulations related to raw material production	Increase in procurement costs due to the establishment and strengthening of regulations on the use of water, chemicals, pesticides, etc. in the course of raw material production	Increase in variable manufacturing costs (raw material costs)	Medium to long term	Medium	Medium	Medium
	Physical risks	Acute physical risks	Event-driven risks, including severity of extreme events such as cyclones or floods	Reduction of manufacturing capacity	Reduction or loss of manufacturing capacity due to water pollution and water shortages, and increase in capital investment related to countermeasures and restoration	Decrease in net sales / increase in fixed manufacturing costs	Short term	Small	Large	Medium
				Response to water pollution	Reduction or loss of manufacturing capacity due to damage to plant facilities caused by major typhoons or abnormal rainfall, and increase in capital investment related to countermeasures and restoration	Decrease in net sales / increase in fixed manufacturing costs	Short term	Medium	Medium	Medium
				Closure of manufacturing sites and decrease in the number of tourists due to increasing severity of extreme weather events	Fragmentation of the value chain due to extreme weather events and rising sea levels, and the resulting reduction or loss of manufacturing capacity and decrease in tourists	Decrease in net sales	Medium to long term	Medium	Large	Large
Opportunities	Resource Efficiency		 Use of more efficient models of transport Use of more efficient production and distribution processes Use of recycling Move to more efficient buildings Reduced water usage and consumption 	Development of new technologies and materials	Reducing procurement costs by utilizing new agricultural technologies and adopting new materials	Decrease in variable manufacturing costs	Medium to long term	Medium	Medium	Medium
				Making resource recycling measures profitable	Contribution to profit by selling recycled products, such as those made from malt lees and other waste materials	Increase in net sales	Short to medium term	Large	Small	Small
				Transportation efficiency	Reduction of GHG emissions in line with lighter containers and more efficient transportation, and resulting tax burden reduction	Increase in operating income	Medium to long term	Medium	Medium	Medium
	Energy Source		 Use of lower-emission sources of energy Use of supportive policy incentives Use of new technologies Participation in carbon market Shift toward decentralized energy generation 	Use of new technologies	Reduction of consumption of oil resources through the development of new technologies	Decrease in variable manufacturing costs	Medium to long term	Small	Small	Small
				Stabilization through dispersion of energy usage	Diversification of energy procurement risks through the adoption of new energy (such as hydrogen) and renewable energy	Decrease in variable manufacturing costs	Medium to long term	Medium	Medium	Medium